



DECEMBER 1, 2023

CIRCULAR NO. 19/23

TO MEMBERS OF THE ASSOCIATION

Dear Member:

**UNITED STATES TEMPORARILY AUTHORIZES TRANSACTIONS INVOLVING OIL, GAS AND GOLD IN VENEZUELA**

The US Department of the Treasury's Office of Foreign Assets Control ("OFAC") recently issued four (4) general licenses suspending certain sanctions in relation to transactions involving oil, gas, and gold in Venezuela. This includes a six-month General License No. 44 ("GL 44") Authorizing Transactions Relating to Oil or Gas Sector Operations in Venezuela (available [here](#)), which will only be renewed if Venezuela meets its commitments under the electoral roadmap as well as other commitments.

**I. GENERAL LICENSE 44: OIL AND GAS**

According to the GL in question, all transactions prohibited by the Venezuela Sanctions Regulations, 31 CFR part 591 (the VSR), including transactions involving Petroleos de Venezuela, S.A. (PdVSA) or any entity in which PdVSA owns, directly or indirectly, a 50 percent or greater interest ***that are related to oil or gas sector operations in Venezuela*** are authorized through 12:01 a.m. eastern daylight time, April 18, 2024, including:

- Production, lifting, sale, and exportation of oil or gas from Venezuela, and provision of related goods and services;
- Payment of invoices for goods or services related to oil or gas sector operations in Venezuela;
- New investment in oil or gas sector operations in Venezuela; and
- Delivery of oil and gas from Venezuela to creditors of the Government of Venezuela, including creditors of PdVSA Entities, for the purpose of debt repayment.

With respect to the shipping industry, the carriage of oil or gas from Venezuela would fall within the scope of "related goods and services" set forth in section (a)(1) of GL 44, provided such carriage does not violate the prohibitions set forth in section (b) of GL 44, which includes the following:

- **Designated financial institutions.**

Paragraph (b)(1) provides that GL 44 does not authorize any transactions involving any financial institution blocked pursuant to E.O. 13850 other than Banco Central de Venezuela or Banco de Venezuela SA Banco Universal.

- **Russia-related operations.**

Paragraph (b)(2) provides that GL 44 does not authorize the provision of goods or services to, or new investment in, an entity located in Venezuela that is owned or controlled by, or a joint venture with, an entity located in the Russian Federation. Paragraph (b)(3) provides that GL 44 does not authorize any transactions related to new investment in oil or gas sector operations in Venezuela by a person located in the Russian Federation or any entity owned or controlled by a person located in the Russian Federation. See [FAQ 1058](#) for more information.

- **Certain financial restrictions in E.O. 13808.**

Paragraph (b)(4) prohibits any transactions prohibited by subsections 1(a)(i) – (iii) or 1(b) of E.O. 13808, other than the transactions described in GL 44 paragraphs (a)(2) (payment of invoices for goods or services related to oil or gas sector operations in Venezuela) and (a)(4) (delivery of oil and gas for the purpose of debt repayment to creditors). Accordingly, new debt transactions, such as the provision of loans to PdVSA, that are not for the payment of invoices or repayment of debt through delivery of oil or gas, are not authorized by GL 44. See [FAQ 533](#) for a definition of “new debt” under E.O. 13808 and [FAQ 511](#) for examples of debt and equity.

- **Transactions prohibited by E.O. 13827 and E.O. 13835.**

Paragraph (b)(5) provides that GL 44 does not authorize any transactions prohibited by E.O. 13827 (relating to certain virtual assets issued by, for, or on behalf of the Government of Venezuela) or E.O. 13835 (relating to debt that is owed to the Government of Venezuela, as well as certain transactions involving any equity interest in any entity in which the Government of Venezuela has a 50 percent or greater ownership interest). For more information on E.O. 13827 please see FAQs [564](#), [565](#), and [566](#). for more information on E.O. 13835 please see FAQs [511](#), [595](#), and [596](#).

- **Blocked property.**

Paragraph (b)(6) provides that GL 44 does not authorize the unblocking of any property blocked pursuant to the VSR. Accordingly, all property blocked pursuant

to the VSR in the United States, or in the possession or control of a U.S. person, as of October 18, 2023, will remain blocked unless separately authorized.

- **Blocked persons.**

Transactions involving any person blocked pursuant to a sanction's authority other than the VSR are not authorized pursuant to GL 44.

## II. GENERAL LICENSE 43: GOLD

Given recent positive steps taken towards competitive elections in Venezuela, OFAC does not intend to target any person solely for operating in the gold sector of the Venezuelan economy. This policy is contingent on continued concrete steps toward a democratic solution in Venezuela. Specifically, based on the GL 43 all transactions involving CVG Compania General de Minería de Venezuela CA (Minerven), or any entity in which Minerven owns, directly or indirectly, a 50 percent or greater interest, that are prohibited by Executive Order (E.O.) 13850, as amended by E.O. 13857, or E.O. 13884, each as incorporated into the Venezuela Sanctions Regulations, 31 CFR part 591 (the VSR), are now authorized.

The said license **does not** authorize though, any transactions otherwise prohibited by the VSR, including any transactions involving any person blocked pursuant to the VSR other than the blocked persons described in paragraph (a) of GL 43, Government of Venezuela persons blocked solely pursuant to E.O. 13884, Banco Central de Venezuela, or Banco de Venezuela SA Banco Universal.

## III. GENERAL

The current provisions issued by OFAC provide broad relief to the oil and gas and gold sector operations in Venezuela. Pending any contrary guidance, we consider the provision of P&I cover in respect of the carriage of Venezuelan oil or gas authorized by GL 44 to be a permitted related service. Clubs would however review the cover position at the time any claim arose and Venezuela still remains a country of territorial risk.

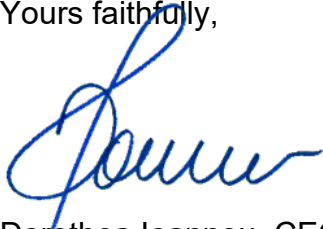
Members considering engaging in such trade should carry out careful due diligence, monitor the regulatory developments and ensure that all such voyages are completed by the expiry of the relevant GL (for transactions falling within the ambit of GL 44 - 12:01 am eastern daylight time April 18, 2024). If GL44 is not extended it is currently unclear what steps an insurer will be permitted to take in respect of claims that arose before April 18, 2024 once GL 44 has expired.

Members should also exert the highest caution when considering shipments to/from Venezuela, when dealing with Venezuelan entities/individuals, and most importantly,

when lifting Venezuelan origin cargoes. In that respect, per sanctions' regulators standards, Members should conduct their own enhanced due diligence investigation to avoid any element of illegality (i.e., prohibited cargoes, and/or prohibited activities, and/or SDNs) in their fixtures.

To find out more on current US program when it comes to Venezuela, along with the recent amendments, please visit [OFAC's website](#) and the related [FAQ document](#) issued on November 16, 2023.

Yours faithfully,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "Dorothea Ioannou".

Dorothea Ioannou, CEO  
Shipowners Claims Bureau, Inc., Managers for  
**THE AMERICAN CLUB**

*All clubs in the International Group have issued similar circulars.*